

NEONATAL

CASPOFUNGIN

This document should be read in conjunction with this **DISCLAIMER**

Highly Restricted: Requires Microbiologist approval before commencing

Presentation	Vial: 50mg			
Classification	Echinocandin antifungal			
Indication	Treatment of invasive fungal infections by susceptible fungi including Aspergillus and Candida who are refractory to or intolerant of other agents			
Dose	Severe Fungal Infection IV: 25mg/m² once daily Body Surface Area (BSA) estimation in neonates If the BSA cannot be calculated or is unreliable, the following regimen can be used in consultation with Microbiology: IV: 1-2mg/kg once daily			
Monitoring	Monitor for histamine-related (allergic) reactions during administration Periodic measurement of serum potassium, calcium, and hepatic transaminases			
Dose Adjustment	Consider dosage reduction in hepatic impairment No adjustments required for renal impairment			
Guidelines & Resources	WNHS Antimicrobial Restriction List			

	Cadium ablarida 0.00/				
Compatible Fluids	Sodium chloride 0.9%				
	Caspofungin is <u>NOT</u> compatible with Glucose				
Preparation	Allow vial to reach room temperature before reconstitution				
	IV: available from CIVAS (KEMH & PCH)				
	Step 1: Reconstitution				
	Add 10.5 mL of Sodium Chloride 0.9% to a 50 mg vial. Do not shake vial.				
	Gently rotate the vial until a clear solution is obtained.				
	Concentration = 5.2 mg/mL				
	Note: The above concentration is correct as per the product information.				
	Do not administer without further dilution – see Step 2				
	Step 2 Dilution				
	Take 1 mL (5.2 mg) of the above solution and add 9.4 mL of sodium chloride 0.9% to a final volume of 10.4 mL.				
	Concentration is 5.2 mg/10.4 mL = 0.5 mg/mL				
Administration	IV Infusion:				
	Infuse over 60 minutes				
Adverse	Common: Nausea, vomiting, hypokalaemia, increased liver enzymes, skin reactions, fever, infusion site reaction				
Reactions					
	Serious: Anaphylactic reactions, anaemia, ascites, bradycardia,				
Storage	Vial: Refrigerate- do not freeze. Store at 2 to 8 °C.				
	Reconstituted solution: Discard excess solution immediately after use				
Notes	Caspofungin is <u>NOT</u> compatible with Glucose				
References	Ainsworth SB. Neonatal formulary 7: drug use in pregnancy and the first year of life. Seventh ed. Chichester (West Sussex): John Wiley & Sons Inc.; 2015. 132-133.				
	Phelps SJ, Hageman TM, Lee KR, Thompson AJ. Pediatric injectable drugs : the teddy bear book. Tenth ed. Bethesda (Maryland): American Society of Health-System Pharmacists; 2013. P 118				
	Takemoto CK, Hodding JH, Kraus DM. Pediatric & neonatal dosage handbook with international trade names index: a universal resource for clinicians treating pediatric and neonatal patients. 24th ed. Hudson				

(Ohio): Lexicomp; 2401. 2, p364-366.
Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia. Caspofungin. In: Australian Injectable Drugs Handbook [Internet]. [St Leonards, New South Wales]: Health Communication Network; 2025 [cited 2025 Feb 08]. Available from: <u>http://aidh.hcn.com.au</u>
Caspofungin. In British national formulary for children Joint Formulary Committee (September 2018-19) <i>BNF 74: September 2018-19</i> . London: Pharmaceutical Press
Lilley L, Legge D. Paediatric injectable guidelines. 5th ed. Melbourne (Victoria): The Royal Children's Hospital; 2016.
Filippi L, et al. Neonatal liver abcesses due to Candida infection effectively treated with caspofungin. Acta Paediatrica 2009; 98:901-9.

Document owner:	Head of Department - Neonatology					
Author / Reviewer:	KEMH & PCH Pharmacy / Neonatology Directorate					
Date first issued:	August 2008	Version:	3.1.2			
Last reviewed:	October 2019, November 2020	Next review date:	Oct 2022			
Endorsed by:	Neonatal Directorate Management Group	Date:	Oct 2019			
Standards Applicable:	NSQHS Standards: 1 ④ Governance 3 ^⑤ Infection Control 4 ^Ø Medication Safety;					
Printed or personally saved electronic copies of this document are considered uncontrolled.						
Access the current version from the WNHS website.						

© Department of Health Western Australia 2019